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THE ALL-INDIA MUSLIM LEAGUE

PART II

LEADING MEMBERS

R & A OIR Report No. 4162.2

August 1, 1946

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
Foreword		iii
I.	Biographical Sketches of Outstanding Members	1
II.	Muslim League Members Elected to the Constituent Assembly, 1946	12
A.	Assam	12
B.	Bengal	12
C.	Bihar	13
D.	Bombay	13
E.	Central Provinces	13
F.	Madras	13
G.	North-West Frontier Province	13
H.	Punjab	13
I.	Sind	14
J.	United Provinces	14
III.	Muslim League Members of Legislatures in Provinces with Muslim Majorities, 1946	15
A.	Bengal	15
1.	Urban	15
2.	Rural	15
3.	Women's Urban	18
4.	Commerce and Industry	18
5.	University	18
B.	North-West Frontier Province	18
1.	Urban	18
2.	Rural	19
3.	Landholders	19
C.	Punjab	19
1.	Urban	19
2.	Rural	19
3.	Women's Urban	22

Page

D. Sind 22

1. Urban 22

2. Rural 22

3. Women's Urban 23

4. Landholders 23

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FOREWORD

The biographical sketches and lists of Muslim League members elected to the Constituent Assembly (1946) and to provincial legislatures in 1945-46 which appear below were prepared by a member of the staff of the Research and Analysis Branch, Office of Strategic Services, who was stationed in India during the latter part of World War II and the period immediately following. Most of the information was obtained from officials of the Muslim League, informed Indian observers, and the Indian press.

This biographical material in draft form has been used on numerous occasions by officials of the Department interested in Pakistan. At their request and in view of the paucity of information on political figures in Pakistan which has subsequently become available, this material is being reproduced. No opportunity has been afforded to bring the data up to date.

Part I of the study on the All-India Muslim League is a description and analysis of the organization, program, and policy of the Muslin League and will be issued shortly.

June 21, 1948

I. BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES OF OUTSTANDING MEMBERS

ABDULLA, HAFIZ MOHAMMAD. Re-elected (1945) member of the Central Legislative Assembly from West Central Punjab.

AKRAM KHAN (MAULANA). Born about 1880; founder and editor for many years of the Muslim weekly paper Mohammadi and of the Daily Azad, the only Muslim Bengali daily newspaper in Bengal; distinguished as a writer in Bengali, especially for his biography of the Prophet Muhammad; president and member of the parliamentary board of the Bengal Provincial Muslim League; member of the Bengal Provincial Council; member of the working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; conservative in social and political views.[1]

ALI KHAN, ZAFAR. Went to Turkey and England in 1912 as member of the Red Crescent Commission; one-time assistant secretary in the Home Department and registrar of the Legislative Assembly Department, GOI; founded the Muslim organization, Ittahad-a-Millat, popularly known as the "Blue Shirts," in 1935; joined the Muslim League in 1937;re-elected (1945); member of the Central Legislative Assembly from East Central Punjab.

ASGHAR KHAN, ALI. Former member of the Council of State; member of the Central Legislative Assembly from Assam.

AURANGZEB KHAN, MOHAMMED. Born about 1891; educated at Mohamedan-Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh; member of a landowning family in the North-West Frontier Province; Premier of the North-West Frontier Province from May 25, 1943 to March 15, 1945; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; reported to be unscrupulous and corrupt; the corruption of his ministry led to its replacement by a Congress Ministry in March 1945.[2]

BASHIR, (MIAN) AHMAD. Born 1893; educated at Lahore and Oxford (B.A. with honors); barrister-at-law; only son of the late Justice Shah Din of the Punjab Chief Court; founder and editor of the well-known Urdu monthly, Humayun; prominent leader of the Urdu movement in Northern India; fellow of Punjab University and member of the Aligarh University Court; member of the Standing Committee of the All-India Mohammedan Educational Conference (Aligarh); member of the Working Committee, All-India Muslim League, from 1942; member of the Punjab Legislative Assembly.

CHOUDHURY, ABDUL MATIN. Born 1895; educated at Aligarh College and Calcutta Law College (B.L.); joined the Khilafat and Non-Cooperation movement; sentenced to one year's imprisonment in 1920; editor of the Bengali weekly Mohammadi and member of the staff of Forward, English-language daily founded by the late C. R. Das; member of the All-India Congress Committee until 1924; Deputy President of the Indian Legislative Assembly; member of the Central Legislative Assembly, 1926-37; adviser to the Indian Labor Delegation, International Labor Conference, Geneva, 1932; representative of the Indian Parliamentary Association, Melbourne Centenary; secretary of the All-India Muslim League Parliamentary Board, 1936; elected to the Assam Provincial Legislature, 1937;

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1. Interview with Abdul Matin Choudhury.
2. Interview with P. D. Sharma, UP of America, and Sri Krishna, free lance journalist, December, 1945.

Minister of Agriculture, 1938; Minister of Public Works and Labor, 1939; has also been Minister of Finance and Post War Reconstruction in the Government of Assam; founder of the Bengali weekly, Jugaveri, and the English-language weekly, Assam Herald; editor of the latter for some time; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League.

CHUNDRIGAR, ISMAIL IBRAHIM. Born 1897; educated at Gujrat College and Government Law College, Bombay; advocate, Bombay High Court; lawyer by profession; member of Ahmedabad Municipality for three years; member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly from 1937; leader, Muslim League Party in the Bombay Legislative Assembly; president of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League from 1940; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League.

DAULTANA, (MIAN) MUMTAZ. Born about 1914; educated at Oxford, barrister-at-law; a big landlord; general secretary of the Punjab Muslim League; it is reported that he has been "adopted" by Sir Shahabuddin, long-time Speaker of the Punjab Assembly; said to have Communist leanings; reported that he influenced Mian Iftikharuddin to join the Muslim League;[1] considered steady but young and inexperienced.[2]

ESSAK SAIT, (HAJI) ABDUS SATTAR HAJI. Born 1893, Tellichery, Malabar; educated at Government Brennen College, Tellichery; connected with trade and commerce; member of Tellichery Municipality for fifteen years; member of the Committee of Action and the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; member of the Central Legislative Assembly for Madras from 1935; chief whip of the Muslim League Party in the Central Legislative Assembly; is reported to have progressive tendencies toward. Muslim socialism.[3]

GAZDAR, MUHAMMAD HASHIM. Born February 1, 1893; civil engineer and landlord; member of the Sisodia Rajput family, originally of Chitor; was one of founders, while member of the Sind Legislative Assembly, of the Sind United Party (1937), a rival of the premier's party; chairman of the Karachi Port Haji Committee from 1938; President, Karachi City Muslim League, 1939-42; Vice President, Sind Provincial Muslim League, 1941-43; member, Karachi Municipal Corporation and Mayor of Karachi, 1941-42; former Minister for Law and Order, Government of Sind; although a member of the anti-premier wing (led by G. M. Syed) of the Sind Muslim League, he agreed to become President of the League in 1946 when Syed was expelled; member of the Sind Legislative Assembly.

GHAZANFARULLAH, (KHAN BAHADUR) MOHAMMAD. Contractor; former member of the Punjab Provincial Legislative Assembly; elected from Rohilkund and Jumaon Divisions; member, Central Legislative Assembly.

HAMID SHAH, ABDUL. Member of the Central Legislative Assembly and of the Assam Provincial Muslim League.

HIDAYATULLAH, (SIR) GHULAM HUSSAIN. Born January 1879; educated at D. J. Sind College, Government Law School, Bombay, and Bombay

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1. Interview with Tarlok Singh, I.C.S.
2. Interview with Hameed Nizami, editor of Nawa-i-Waqt, Lahore.
3. Interview with Abdul Matin Choudhury.

University; member of a very wealthy and influential family; one time vice president of the Hyderabad (Sind) Municipality and first non-official president of the Hyderabad (Sind) District Local Board; member, Bombay Legislative Council, 1912-20; Minister of the Government of Bombay, 1921-28; member of the Bombay Executive Council, 1928-34; attended two Round Table Conferences; former member of the Central Legislative Assembly; member of the Sind Legislative Assembly and Premier, 1937-38, 1945- ; reported to be clever, smooth and convincing, but completely unscrupulous; "would be converted overnight and join the Hindu Mahasabha tomorrow if it was to his interest to do so"; has influence with Jinnah because he is convincing and tactful, and is prominent in Sind;[1] reported in the press to have renounced his title, July 1946.

HUSAIN, ALTAF. Born about 1906; former Director of Public Information, Bengal; editor of Dawn, official Muslim League newspaper, from September 1945; contributes a weekly column to the New Delhi Statesman under the pen name "Shaheed", in which he expresses his independent views; reported to be a rabid Muslim League partisan.[2]

HUSSAIN, ABID. A prominent zamindar of Bhagalpur Division; member, Bihar Provincial Muslim League; member, Central Legislative Assembly from Bihar.

IFTIKHARUDDIN (MIAN). Born around 1909; a wealthy landowner; former President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee; former member of the Punjab Legislative Assembly, Congress Party; left the Congress Party in October 1945, complaining that the Congress campaign against the Communists was an example of the disruptive and factional tendencies which have gained the upper hand in Congress ranks;[3] requested membership in the Communist Party in the Punjab which was refused because he was unwilling to relinquish valuable property; reported to have joined the Muslim League on the advice of the Communist Party; managing editor and political mentor of Pakistan Times of Lahore, which is strongly influenced by pro-Soviet propaganda.

IKRAMULLAH (BEGUM). Born around 1916; educated at University of London; vivacious and popular; wife of Mohammad Ikramullah, former Deputy Secretary in the Supply Department, Government of India, and adviser to Indian representative on the UN Preparatory Commission; daughter of Sir Husseyn Shaheed Suhrawardy, member of the Central Legislative Assembly; active in Muslim League affairs; elected to the Constituent Assembly from Bengal.

IMAM, (SYED) HOSSAIN. Born 1897; educated at the Imperial College of Science and Technology, London; landholder; member of Gaya Municipality for three years; member of the Council of State from 1931; deputy leader of the opposition, Council of State, 1932-38; leader of the Muslim League Party, Council of State, from 1939; president of the Bihar Provincial Muslim League; member of the Muslim League Central Parliamentary Board; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; reported to have socialist tendencies;[4] claims that the Muslim League has

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1. Interviews with P. D. Sharma of the UP of America, and Sri Krishna, free lance journalist.
2. Interviews with Altaf Hussain, Aslam Siddiqui, and others.
3. The Sunday Leader, (Allahabad), August 26, 1945.
4. Interview with Abdul Matin Choudhury.

support of the overwhelming majority of the Muslim electorate but not of all Muslims; stated that although members of the League do not agree on certain questions, all stand united in the demand for Pakistan and the independence of India.[1]

ISA, MOHAMED QAZI. Born about 1912; barrister but has never practiced law; member of an aristocratic Baluchistan family; member-in-charge, Publicity and Information Department of the All-India Muslim League; member of the Committee of Action and of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; during the winter of 1944-45, worked in the North-West Frontier Province organizing for the League; reported to be sincerely and wholeheartedly interested in Muslim League politics; an ardent disciple of Jinnah; believes firmly in Pakistan; it is suggested that he may succeed Jinnah if the extremist wing retains control of the League.[2]

ISMAIL KHAN, (HAJI) CHOUDHURY MOHAMMAD. Re-elected member of the Central Legislative Assembly; member of the Muslim League Party.

ISMAIL KHAN, (NAWAB) MOHAMAD. About 60 years old; educated at Aligarh University and Cambridge; barrister-at-law; member of an old, aristocratic family in the United Provinces; prominent figure in the Khilafat and Non-Cooperation movement in 1920; member of the Central Legislative Assembly, 1921-36; member of the United Provinces Legislative Assembly, 1937-45; elected to Central Legislative Assembly from the United Provinces, 1945; president of the United Provinces Provincial Muslim League; chairman of the Committee of Action and member of the Working Committee, All-India Muslim League; one of the Muslim League delegation of four for negotiation with the British Cabinet Mission, May 1946; reported to be progressive politically, but conservative in social matters;[3] also reported that he hesitates to oppose any person or faction vigorously.[4]

ISPHAHANI, M. A. H. Born 1902; educated at Cambridge (LL.B.); merchant and financier of Calcutta; member of the most prominent Muslim commercial family in India; has been a member of the Calcutta Corporation; president of the Muslim Chamber of Commerce; represents the Muslim Chamber of Commerce in the Bengal Legislative Assembly; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; member of the Policy Committee on Industry, Bombay, October 1944; visited England and the United States with a group of Indian industrialists, 1945; a director of the Orient Press of India, Ltd., a Muslim news agency; his interest in this enterprise reported to be communal rather than financial;[5] said to be progressive.[6]

JAFFAR, AHMED EBRAHIM HAROON. Born about 1910; a prominent and influential member of the Khoja community; son of the late Sir Ebrahim Haroon Jaffar, member of the old Imperial Council and the Council of State; educated at the Anglo-Urdu High School, Poona, and Deccan College; left college after two years to serve his

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1. FCC Daily, October 30, 1945.
2. Interview with Durga Das, of the Hindustan Times, September 1945.
3. Interview with Abdul Matin Choudhury.
4. Interview with Dr. R. U. Singh, Lucknow University.
5. Interview with Aslam Siddiqui.
6. Interview with Abdul Matin Choudhury.

father as Parliamentary Private Secretary; elected to the Central Legislative Assembly in 1934 at the age of 25; member of the Central Legislative Assembly from Bombay, merchant and contractor; interested in Muslim educational matters.

JILANI, MAKHDUM HAJI SYED SHER SHAH. Elected a member of the Central Legislative Assembly from South-West Punjab.

KERAMAT ALI, SHAIK. Born 1891; educated at Forman Christian College and passed law final from Punjab University; lawyer; elected to the Punjab Legislative Assembly in 1937; re-elected, 1942; appointed member of the Punjab Sanitary Board, Board of Industries, and Unemployment Committee; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League from 1942.

KHALIQ-UZ-ZAMAN, CHOUDHRI. Born about 1890; educated at Aligarh College; practiced law in Lucknow; Chairman of the Lucknow Municipality for a number of years; member of the Indian Medical Mission to Turkey during the Balkan War; appointed dictator of the Congress Party for a time during the first civil disobedience movement; resigned from Congress Party about 1935; member of the Palestine Delegation to England in 1938; has visited Palestine, Egypt, Turkey and other Muslim countries; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; leader of the Muslim League in the United Province Legislative Assembly; is reported to be progressive[1] and the most able Muslim League politician in the United Provinces; does not concern himself much with internal Muslim League politics in the United Provinces, but is occupied in the broader field of provincial politics.[2]

KHAN, RASUL. President of the All-India States Muslim League 1946; about fifty years old; mild in his support of Jinnah and the Muslim League.

KHUHRO, MOHAMMED AYUB. Born about 1896; one of the biggest landlords in Sind; was tried and acquitted for the murder of Allah Bux, former Premier of Sind; Minister in the Sind Government; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; at one time it was reported that he might become the leader of the Sind Muslim League, succeeding G. M. Syed, but M. H. Gazdar was selected. Said to be clever and capable, but not of good character[3].

KIDWAI, RAFI AHMAD. Born 1894; educated at Mohamedan-Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh; a zamindar of Barabanki district; has actively participated in all Congress movements since 1921; sentenced to one year's imprisonment, 1922; was associated with Pandit Motilal Nehru; member of the Central Legislative Assembly and whip of the Congress Party in the Assembly, 1926-29; ex-president of the Provincial Congress Committee and of the Congress Parliamentary Board in the United Provinces; reported to be a very strong Congress man, clever and a good orgnaizer; was the power behind the Premier, Govind Balabh Pant, during the Congress ministry[4]; is a Congress Minister in the United Provinces; he is

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1. Notes from Abdul Matin Choudhury.
2. Interview with Dr. R. U. Singh, Lucknow University.
3. Interviews with Hameed Nizami, Editor of Nawa-i-Waqt, Lahore, and others.
4. Interview with Dr. R. U. Singh, Lucknow University.

included in this list as an important and successful Muslim opponent of the League.

KILLEDAR, MOHAMMED MOOSA. Former member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly; contractor with the Bombay Corporation; member of the Central Legislative Assembly representing the Muslim League Party.

LALLJEE, HUSSAINBOY. Born about 1881; president of the Shia Political Conference; for many years a political figure in Bombay; formerly a member of both the Congress and the League; an associate and friend of Jinnah.

LIAQUAT ALI KHAN (NAWABZADA). Born October 1, 1895; educated at Mohamedan-Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh, Exeter College, Oxford, and Inner Temple, London; barrister-at-law; member of the United Provinces Legislative Assembly for many years; elected member of the Central Legislative Assembly, 1941; deputy leader of the Muslim League Party in the Central Legislative Assembly (member from the UP); secretary of the All-India Muslim League; member of the Working Committee and of the Central Parliamentary Board of the All-India Muslim League; second in command to Jinnah; reportedly leader of the moderate element within the League, although publicly falls into line with League policy; is called a "smooth" political type[1]; reported by the press to have renounced his title, July 1946.

MAHMUDABAD, (RAJAH) OF; AMIR AHMED KHAN. Born November 5, 1914; Shia; educated privately; member of one of the most aristocratic Taluqdar families in Oudh; one of the biggest landlords in the province; a ward of Jinnah; rather eccentric in his interests; formerly officer in the All-India Shia Conference; treasurer and member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; president All-India Muslim Students Federation; member of the Central Legislative Assembly; invariably referred to as Rajah of Mahmudabad.

MAMDOT, (NAWAB) IFTIKHAR HUSSAIR OF. Born about 1910; educated at Aitchison Chief's College, Lahore; one of the largest landholders in the Punjab; president of the Punjab Provincial Muslim League from 1941; leader of the Muslim League Party in the Punjab Legislative Assembly; member of the Committee of Action and the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; reported to be trusted as a political figure because he has no personal ambitions[2].

MEHR SHAH, (SIR) MOHAMMAD. Re-elected (1945) member of the Central Legislative Assembly from North Punjab; wealty landlord; not very influential[3]. Reported in press to have renounced his title, July 1946.

MOHAMMAD ALI (BEGUM). Widow of the late Maulana Mohammad Ali, distinguished leader of the Muslim community and of the Congress; has been actively associated with Muslim politics since Khilafat agitation days; member of the United Provinces Legislative Assembly; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League.

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1. Interviews with Liaquat Ali and others.
2. Interview with Hameed Nizami, Editor of Nawa-i-waqt, Lahore.
3. Interview with Sarfaraz.

MOIDEEN, M. JAMAL. Merchant of Trichinopoly; secretary, Madras Provincial Muslim League; Muslim League member of the Central Legislative Assembly from Madras.

NAIRANG, SYED GHULAM BHIK. Born September 1876; educated at Government College, Lahore; has practised law in Ambala since 1900; Government leader, 1909-20; took part in Khilafat movement, 1920-22; member of General Council, Anjuman-i-Himayat-in-Islam, Lahore and of the All-India Muslim Educational Conference for 25 years; member of the Central Legislative Assembly, 1934-35; deputy leader, Muslim League Party, 1938-42; elected to the Constituent Assembly from Punjab, 1946.

NAUMAN, MOHAMMED. Member of the Bihar Provincial Muslim League Working Committee; formerly leader of an opposition group in the Bihar Provincial Muslim League; re-elected (1945) member of the Central Legislative Assembly from Patna and Chota Nagpur cum Orissa.

NAWAZ, (BEGAM) SHAH. Born 1896; educated at Queen Mary's College, Lahore; daughter of the late Sir Muhammad Shafi and widow of Mian Shah Nawaz, barrister, Lahore; entered public service at an early age and gave up purdah in 1920; elected vice president of the 42nd Social Reform Conference, Lahore, 1929; acted as her father's secretary at the Imperial Conference, London, 1930; delegate to the Indian Round Table Conference, 1930-32; delegate to the Third Round Table Conference, 1933; member, Indian Delegation Joint Select Committee, 1934; delegate to the International Labor Conference, Geneva, 1935; member of the Punjab Legislative Assembly from 1937; Parliamentary Secretary until 1943; member of the National Defence Council, 1941-45; head of the Women's Section, Information and Broadcasting Department, GOI, 1942-45; was expelled from the Muslim League in 1941 for her refusal to resign from the Defense Council; resigned in 1945 to return to active politics and in October persuaded Jinnah to remove the five year ban on her re-entry into the League; elected to Punjab Legislative Assembly, 1946.

NAZIMUDDIN, (SIR) KHWAJA. Born July 19, 1894; educated at Mohamedan-Anglo-Oriental College at Aligarh, Dunstable Grammar School, England, and Trinity Hall, Cambridge; member of an important family of Muslim noblemen and landowners; chairman of Dacca Municipality, 1922-29; Minister of Education, 1929-34; appointed a member of the Bengal Executive Council, 1934; Home Minister, Bengal Government, 1937-41; Chief Minister of Bengal, 1943-45; leader of Muslim League Parliamentary Party, Bengal; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; acts as Jinnah's deputy in Eastern India, presiding at Muslim League meetings in neighboring provinces; however is not considered a staunch supporter of the League, nor an ardent advocate of Pakistan; has not much of a personal or political following[1].

NISHTAR, ABDUR RAB KHAN. Born June 13, 1899; educated at Aligarh University, (B.A., LL.B); was advocate at Peshawar; at one time a member of the Congress Party; elected municipal commissioner successively from 1929 to 1938, when he resigned; elected member of the Legislative Assembly of the North-West Frontier Province, 1937; Finance Minister, 1943-45; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; selected by Jinnah as one of the Muslim League Delegation of four for negotiations with the British Cabinet Mission, May 1946.

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1. CBD, Calcutta, India, February 17, 1945.

NIZAMI, HAMEED. Born about 1916; journalist; editor of Nawa-i-waqt, pro-Muslim League vernacular paper in Lahore; his support of Muslim League is sometimes partial; friend of G. M. Syed; has good contacts with League high command.

NOON, (SIR) FIROZ KHAN. Born May 7, 1893; educated at Chief's College, Lahore and Wadham College, Oxford, (M.A.); advocate, Lahore High Court, 1917-26; member, Punjab Legislative Assembly, 1920-36; Minister in Punjab Government, 1927-36; High Commissioner for India in Great Britain, 1936-41; Labor Member, Viceroy's Executive Council, 1941-42; Defense Member, 1942-45; granted leave of absence to take position of representative of the Government of India on Imperial War Cabinet and Pacific War Council, 1944; delegate of the Government of India on Imperial War Cabinet and Pacific War Council, 1944; delegate of the Government of India to the UN Conference on International Organization, April 1945; former member of the Punjab Nationalist Union Party; now member of the Muslim League; has been very pro-British and considered by nationalist Indians to be a collaborator and puppet, allegedly tried to keep in Jinnah's good graces by informing him of secret proceedings of the Viceroy's Executive Council; is described as being singularly ineffectual in every field except that of social activity; has no ideas of his own.

QUAYYUM KHAN, (KHAN) ABDUL. Former member of the Central Legislative Assembly from the North-West Frontier Province; former deputy leader of the Congress Party in the Assembly; resigned from Congress Party in late August 1945 to join the Muslim League; elected to the NWFP Legislative Assembly in 1946; member of the Frontier Muslim League Selection Committee; gave as his reasons for leaving the Congress that he believed in Pakistan, that the Congress Party no longer was fighting British imperialism, and that it had given moral support to a reactionary body, viz., the Punjab Unionists.

RAHMAN, KHAN BAHADUR HABIBUR. Vice president, Bihar Provincial Muslim League; member of the Central Legislative Assembly from Bihar.

RAHMAN, LATIFUR. Born 1899; educated at Patna College; businessman; president of one faction of the Momin Conference; member of the Bihar Legislative Assembly since 1937; vice president of the Bihar Provincial Muslim League; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League; has stated that the Muslim League justly represents all interests of the Muslim nation, at least in Bihar.[1]

RAHMATULLAH, K.M. Member of the Central Legislative Assembly; member of the Madras Provincial Muslim League.

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1. Dawn (Delhi), December 22, 1945

RASUL, (NAWAB) AIZAZ. Secretary of the Provincial Muslim League in the United Provinces; reported that his main support is his wife, Begam Aizaz Rasul who is a member of the Upper House of the United Provinces Legislature; Khaliq-uz-Zaman does not consider him capable.

RAUF SHAH, (SYED) ABDUR. Born 1883; his family migrated to India from Afghanistan 150 years ago; educated at the Law College, Bombay; a lawyer by profession; President of Pandharkawda Municipality for twenty years; joined the non-cooperation movement in 1920; was president of the Khilafat Committee in Berar, 1920; member of the All-India Congress Committee for several years until 1935; member of the Central Provinces Legislative Assembly from 1935; president of the Provincial Muslim League in the Central Provinces from 1936; member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League.

RIZWAN ULLAH. Former secretary of the Provincial Muslim League in the United Provinces; reported to have made some money out of his position and by various acts to have brought upon himself the disfavor of his colleagues who forced him out of office.[1]

SADULLA, (SIR) MOHAMMED. Born 1886, educated at Cotton College, Assam, Presidency College, Calcutta, and Ripon College, Calcutta; practiced law in Gauhati, 1909-19; member of the Assam Legislative Assembly for nearly thirty years; many times Minister in the Assam Provincial cabinet; former Premier of the Assam Muslim League Ministry, until March 1945; Premier of all-party Government in Assam, submitted resignation of his cabinet in February 1946; member and leader of the oppostion in Assam Assembly; reported to be Muslim League member only as expedient; not a strong supporter of Pakistan; not considered to be very able as a politician; reported in the press to have renounced his title, July 1946.

SHAH, (CAPTAIN) SYED ABID HUSAIN. Elected a member of the Central Legislative Assembly from North West Punjab.

SIDDIQI, ABDUR RAHMAN. Born Feburary 19, 1887; educated at Aligarh University, (M.A. and LL.B.), Oxford and Gray's Inn, London, barrister-at-law; joined Dr. Ansari's medical mission to Turkey in 1921; has visited the Near East several times and led the Indian Muslim Delegation to the World Muslim Congress, Cairo, 1938; Mayor of the Corporation of Calcutta, 1940; president of the Muslim Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta 1941-42; president of the Bengal Board of Industries, 1939-40,1942-43; former member of the Bengal Legislative Assembly; member of the Indian delegation to the International Business Conference, Atlantic City, November 1944; member of the States Industrial Delegation, visiting the United Kingdom and the US, 1945-46; chairman, Eastern Federal Union Insurance Company, Ltd., editor of Morning News, Calcutta Muslim newspaper; member of the Central Legislative Assembly, Muslim League Party; was at one time a member of the Muslim League Working Committee, but was reportedly too independent to suit Jinnah; is not in high favor with the League high command[2]; reported to be very much interested in Near Eastern affairs, and to believe that Indian Muslims should have close contact with Muslims in the Near East; appears

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1. Interview with R. U. Singh, Lucknow University.
2. Interviews with various Indians in New Delhi, November, 1945 and February, 1946.

to be anti-American, anti-British and anti-Russian.

SIDDIQUE ALI KHAN, NAWAB. Born about 1896; member of Central Legislative Assembly from the Central Provinces, 1946; Solar (supreme leader) of the Muslim National Guard; seems more anti-British than anti-Hindu.

SIDDIQUI, RAFIUDDIN AHMAD. Re-elected member of the Central Legislative Assembly from Bengal, 1946.

SUHRAWARDY, (SIR) HASSAN. President, Bengal Legislative Council, 1922; former member, Bengal Public Services Commission; Vice Chancellor, Calcutta University, 1930-34; former adviser to the Secretary of State for India; Indian Agent-General in London; member, Bengal Provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board; member, Central Legislative Assembly from Bengal; honorary surgeon to the Viceroy.

SUHRAWARDY, (SIR) HUSSEYN SHAHEED. Born 1893; educated at Oxford (B.C.L.) and Gray's Inn, London; lawyer; one time Deputy Mayor of Calcutta; former Minister of Civil Supplies, Government of Bengal; member of the Bengal Legislative Assembly; member of the Bengal Provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board; Minister in the Bengal Government, 1943-45; Prime Minister, 1946-47; former member of the Congress Party; ambitious politically, an able politician, an advocate of a united Bengal; however is considered thoroughly corrupt; not averse to exploiting nuisance value of Communists; feared and disliked by his colleagues.[1]

SYED, G. M. Former president of the Sind Provincial Muslim League; resigned from the Committee of Action and the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League at the end of 1945; member of the Sind Legislative Assembly; formed a coalition party, 1946, including Congress and Nationalist Muslims; split with the All-India Muslim League over corruptness of Hidayatullah regime, stating that if there had been the remotest possibility of forming an incorruptible ministry in Sind with the cooperation of the centrally recognized Muslim League Party, he would have supported it; reported to be the best man the Muslim League had in Sind; honest, but not politically shrewd.[2]

TAJ-UD-DIN. Journalist; born about 1911; representative of the Associated Press in Lahore; pro-Muslim League but moderate; said to have access to Muslim League official opinion as much as any journalist.

TAMIZUDDIN KHAN, MAULVI. Former Minister, Bengal Government; member of the Central Legislative Assembly.

YAMIN KHAN, (SIR) MOHAMMAD. Born June 1888; educated at Meerut College, Mahomedan-Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh, and in England; practicing barrister at Meerut since December 1914; member, Municipal Board, Meerut, 1916-32; chairman, 1928-31; member, Legislative Assembly, 1920-23, 1927-30 and from 1931 to 1947; Council of State, 1924-25; leader of the United India Party

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1. CBD, Calcutta, India, October 14, 1944.
2. Interviews with G. M. Syed; Hameed Nizami, Editor of Nawa-i-Waqt; and others.

in the Assembly, 1931-34; leader of the Democratic Party in the Assembly, 1937-39; Secretary, Muslim League Party in the Central Legislative Assembly (member from U.P.); Deputy President of the Central Legislative Assembly; served on various war activities committees during World Wars I and II; member, Statutory Railway Board and Reserve Bank Committees of the Joint Parliamentary Committee in London, 1933.

ZIAUDDIN AHMED (SIR). Born 1877; educated at Mahomedan-Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh, Cambridge, B.A. and M.A., Gottingen University, Ph.D., Sorbonne; member, Calcutta University Commission, 1916; member, United Provinces Legislative Council, 1919; Vice Chancellor, Aligarh University; re-elected (1945) member of the Central Legislative Assembly from the United Provinces.

II. MUSLIM LEAGUE MEMBERS ELECTED TO THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY, 1946

A. Assam

Sir Muhammad Saadulla

Maulvi Abdul Hameed

Maulvi Abdul Matin Choudhury

B. Bengal

Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan

Sir Aziz-ul-Haque

H. S. Suhrawardy

Sir Nazimuddin

M. A. H. Isphahani

K. Shahabuddin

Abdul Hasham

Ragheb Ahsan

Khan Bahadur A. M. Abdul Hamid

Fazlur Rahman

Majubur Rahman Khan

Abul Qasim Khan

Khan Bahadur Ibrahim Khan

Sirajul Islam

Tamizuddin Khan

Dr. Mahmood Husain

Mazharul Haque

Khan Bahadur Abdul Al-Mahmood

Formuzal Haque

Yusuf Mirza

Mohammed Abdullah El Baqi

M. S. Ali

Khan Bahadur Mohammad Altaf Ahmed

Khan Bahadur Bazlul-Karim

Khan Bahadur Ghyasuddin Pathan

Bengal (continued)

Hamidul Haque

Choudhri Professor Ishtiaq Hosain Quraishi

Mohammed Hassan

Mohammad Husain Malik

K. Nuruddin

Maulana Shabbir Ahmad Usmani

Begum Suhrawardy Ikramullah

C. Bihar

Husain Imam

Latifur Rahman

Tajmal Husain

Syed Jafar Imam

Mohammed Tahir

D. Bombay

I. I. Chundrigar

Abdulkader Shaikh

E. Central Provinces

Kazi Syed Karimuddin

F. Madras

Abdus Sattar Haji Essak Sait

Ahmad Ibsahni

A. Mahboobali Baig

B. Poker Sahib Bahadur

G. North-West Frontier Province

Khan Sardar Bahadur Khan

H. Punjab

M. A. Jinnah

Abdur Rab Nishtar

Nawab of Mamdot

Mian Mohammed Mumtaz Daultana

Punjab (continued)

Sir Firoz Khan Noon

Raja Ghazanfar Ali Khan

Professor Abu Bakar Ahmad Halim

Mian Mohammed Iftikharuddin

Chaudhri Mohammed Hassen

Khan Bahadur Shaik Karamatali

Begum Shah Nawaz

Ghulam Bhik Nairang

Khan Bahadur Chaudhri Nazir Ahmed Khan

Dr. Malik Omar Hayat

Syed Amjadali

I. Sind

Khan Bahadur M. A. Khuro

Pirzada Abdus Satar Abdul Rahman

Muhammad Hashim Gazdar

J. United Provinces

Chaudhri Khaliq-uz-Zaman

Nawab Mohammed Ismail Khan

Amir Haider Khan

Begum Aizaz Rasul

S. M. Rizwanullah

Aziz Ahmad Khan

Maulana Hasrat Mohani

III. MUSLIM LEAGUE MEMBERS OF PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLIES, 1946

A. Bengal

1. Urban

Mohammad Rafique (Calcutta North)

Khwaja Nooruddin (Calcutta South)

Sharif Khan (Hooghly cum Howrah Municipal)

Mohammad Qamruddin (Barrackpore)

H. S. Suhrawardy (Parganas Municipal)

Nawabzada Khawja Nasrullah (Dacca Municipal)

2. Rural

Abdul Hashem (Burdwan)

Khan Bahadur Mudassir Hossain (Birbhum)

Khan Bahadur Syed Mohammed Siddique (Pankura)

Serajuddin Ahmad (Midnapore)

Moulvi Abdul Quasem (Hooghly)

Mahomad Idris (Howrah)

Jasimuddin Ahmed (Parganas South)

Ilias Ali Molla (Parganas Central)

Khan Bahadur A. F. M. Abdur Rahman (Parganas North-East)

Shamsuddin Ahmed (Kushtia)

Abdul Hannan (Meherpur)

Abdul Motaleb Malik (Nadia East)

Abdul Halim (Nadia West)

Sahibzada Syed Kazim Ali Mirza (Murshidabad South-West)

Maulvi Murtaza Reza Chowdhury (Jangipur)

Khan Bahadur Lutfar Rahman (Jessore Sadar)

Abdul Awal (Jessor East)

Serajul Islam (Bongaon)

Tofazzal Hussain (Jhenidah)

Abdus Saboor (Khulna)

Dr. A. Ahad (Satkhira)

(Bengal - Rural - continued)

Qazi Abdul Masud (Nator)

Maniruddin Akhand (Rajshahi North)

Abdul Hamid Mia (Rajshahi South)

Madar Bux (Rajshahi Central)

Mozaffar Rahman Chowdhury (Balurghat)

Moulvi Hafizuddin Chowdhury (Thakargaon)

Abdullahel Baqui (Dinajpur Central East)

Hassan Ali (Dinajpur Central West)

Nawab Mussaraf Hossain (Jalpaiguri cum Darjeeling)

Khairat Hossain (Nilphamari)

Moulvi Mohammad Owais (Rangpur North)

Emad Uddin Ahammad (Rangpur South)

Paniruddin Ahmed (Kurigaon North)

Nazir Hossain Khandakar (Kurigaon South)

Serrajuddin Ahmed (Gaibandha North)

Ahmed Hossein Mian (Gaibandha South)

B. M. Elias (Bogra East)

Mohammad Ishaque (Bogra South)

Mobarak Ali Ahmed (Bogra North)

Khan Bahadur Mohammad Ali (Bogra West)

Dewan Lutfar Rahman (Pabna East)

Khan Bahadur A. M. A. Hamid (Pabna West)

Abdur Rashid Mahmood (Serajganj South)

Khan Saheb Osman Ghani (Serajganj North)

Maulana Khondakar Abdur Rashid (Serajganj Central)

Mohammed Sayeed Mia (Malda North)

Zahur Ahmed Chowdhury (Malda South)

Khan Saheb Osman Ali (Narayanganj South)

Maulana Abdul Aziz (Narayanganj East)

Syed Abdus Salim (Narayanganj North)

Abdul Hakim Vikrampuri (Munshiganj)

(Bengal - Rural - continued)

Khan Bahadur Abdul Khaliq (Dacca South Central)

Khan Bahadur Aulad Husain Khan (Manikganj East)

Masihuddin Ahmed (alias Rajamiah) (Manikganj West)

Abdul Manuan Fakir (Dacca North Central)

Abu Taiyab Mazharul Huq (Dacca Central)

Khan Bahadur Fazlur Rahman (Jamalpur East)

Abdul Karim (Jamalpur North)

A. K. M. Bafatuddin Taluqdar (Jamalpur West)

Mir Ahammad Ali (Jamalpur cum Muktagacha)

Khan Bahadur Sharifuddin Ahmad (Mymensingh North)

Khan Bahadur Nurul Amin (Mymensingh East)

Abdul Kalam Shamsuddin (Mymensingh West)

Khurram Khan Panee (Tangail South)

Abdul Hafiz Mirza (Tangail West)

Khan Bahadur Ebrahim Khan (Tangail North)

Sasan Ali Mukhtar (Netrakona South)

Maulvi Akbar Ali (Netrakona North)

Maulvi Mohammad Israil (Kishoreganj South)

Syed Habibul Haq (Kishoreganj North)

Khan Sahib Hamiduddin Ahmed (Kishoreganj East)

Shams-ud-Din Ahmed (Gopalganj)

Ahmad Ali Mridha (Goalundo)

Khan Bahadur Yusuf Hussain Chowdhury (Faridpur West)

Eskandar Ali Khan (Madaripur West)

Khan Sahib Abdul Aziz Munshi (Madaripur East)

Abdul Rahman alias Nuru Mia (Patuakhali North)

Mohammad Shamsuddin Sirdar (Patuakhali South)

Mohammad Arif Chowdhury (Bakarganj North)

Haji Mohammad Quasem (Bakarganj West)

Khan Bahadur Nur-uz-Zaman (Bhola North)

Syed Azizur Rahman (Bhola South)

Mohammed Rukonuddin (Brahmanbaria North)

(Bengal - Rural - continued)

Ali Ahmad Khan (Brahmanbaria South)

Tafazzal Ali (Tippera North-East)

Khan Sahib Mafizuddin Ahmed (Tippera North)

Nawab Ali (Tippera West)

Abdul Momin (Tippera Central)

Khan Bahadur Syed Sirajul Haque (Tippera South)

Khan Sahib Janab Ali Mia (Chandpur East)

Khan Bahadur Abidur Raja Chowdhury (Chandpur West)

Mohammed Abdus Salam (Matlabbazar)

Maulvi Fazlur Rahman (Noakhali North)

Mujibur Rahman (Noakhali Central)

Maulana Fazlul Karim (Ramganj cum Raipur)

Abdul Hakim (Noakhali West)

Maulana Abdul Hai (Noakhali South)

Mohammad Habibullah Chowdhury (Feni)

Kabir Ahmed Chowdhury (Cox's Bazar)

Ahmed Kabir Chaudhury (Chittagong South)

Ali Ahmed Chaudhury (Chittagong South Central)

Khan Bahadur Farid Ahmed Chaudhury (Chittagong North-East)

Khan Bahadur Fazlul Kader (Chittagong North-West)

3. Women's Urban

Mrs. Husan Ara Begum (Calcutta)

Mrs. Anwara Khatun (Dacca)

4. Commerce and Industry

M. A. H. Ispahani (Muslim Chamber of Commerce)

5. University

Fazlur Rahman (Dacca University)

B. North-West Frontier Province

1. Urban

Abdul Qayyum Khan (Peshawar City)

K. B. Jalaluddin (Towns)

2. Rural

Mohammed Farid Khan (Tanawal)

Lt. Zain Mohammed Khan (Abbottabad West)

Raja Abdur Rahman Khan (Abbottabad East)

Khan Sardar Bahadur Khan (Haripur Central)

Raja Haider Zaman (Haripur South)

K. B. Mohammed Zaman (Haripur North)

Khan Mohammed Abbas Khan (Marsehra North)

Ali Gohar Khan (Lower Pakhli)

Arbab Mohameed Sharif (Bara Mohmands)

Nawab Sir Akbar Khan, Chief of Hoti (Kamalzai)

Khan Habibulla Khan (Lakki East)

Pir Abdul Latif (Lakki West)

Nawab Qutab-ud-Din (Tank)

3. Landholders

K. B. Mian Musharaff Shah (Peshawar)

Sultan Hasan Ali Khan of Boi (NWFP)

C. Punjab

1. Urban

K. S. Khwaja Ghulam Samad (Southern Towns)

Sardar Shaukat Hayat Khan (South Eastern Towns)

Malik Barkat Ali (Eastern Towns)

Malik Wazir Mohammed (Inner Lahore)

Mian Mohammed Rafique (Outer Lahore)

Sheikh Sadiq Hassan (Amritsar City)

Sheikh Karamat Ali (North-Eastern Towns)

Sir Firoz Khan Noon (Rawalpindi Division Towns)

Sheikh Mohammed Amin (Multan Division Towns)

2. Rural

Chaudhri Sahib Dad Khan (Hissar)

Mohammed Khurshid Ali Khan (Rohtak)

(Punjab - Rural - continued)

Ahmed Jan (North-West Gurgaon)

Mehtab Khan (South-East Gurgaon)

Sufi Abdul Hamid (Karnal)

Mohammed Hassan Khan (Ambala and Simla)

Ali Akhbar Khan (Kangra and Eastern Hoshiarpur)

Rana Nasrullah Khan (Hoshiarpur West)

Mian Abdus Salam (Jullundur North)

Mohammed Wali Mohammed (Jullundur South)

Rai Iqbal Ahmad Khan (Ludhiana)

Nawab Iftikhar Hussain of Mamdot (Ferozepore Central)

Mian Bashir Ahmed (Ferozepore East)

Sardar Mohammed Hussain (Chunian)

Mian Iftikharuddin (Kasur)

Chowdhri Nasrulla Khan (Amritsar)

Chowdhri Akram Ali (Tarn Taran)

Chowdhri Zafarullah Khan (Ajnala)

Chaudhri Ghulam Farid (Gurdaspur East)

Abdul Ghafur (Shakargarh)

Chaudhri Nasar Din (Sialkot North)

Chaudhri Sarfaraz Khan (Sialkot Central)

Mian Mumtaz Mohammed Khan Daultana (Sialkot South)

Chaudhri Salahuddin (Gujranwala North)

Chaudhri Zafrullah Khan (Gujranwala East)

Chaudhri Raj Mohammad (Hafizabad)

Mohammed Hussain (Sheikhupura)

Shahadat Khan (Nankana Sahib)

K. B. Chowdhri Roshan Din (Shahdara)

Chaudhri Fazal Ilahi (Gujrat North)

Bahawal Bakhsh (South-East Gujrat)

Jahana Khan (North-West Gujrat)

(Punjab - Rural - continued)

Ghulam Rasul (South-West Gujrat)

K. B. Sheikh Fazle Haque Piracha (Bhalwal)

Mohammed Khair Mehdi (Jhelum)

Raja Ghazanfar Ali Khan (Pind Dadan Khan)

Raja Mohammed Sarfraz Ali Khan (Chakwal)

Mohammed Zafar-ul-Haq (Rawalpindi Sadr)

Raja Saied Akbar Khan (Gujar Khan)

Kala Khan (Rawalpindi East)

Sardar Mumtaz Ali Khan (Attock North)

Khan Abdul Sattar Khan (Mianwali North)

Malik Khan Mohammed Kathia (Montgomery)

Mian Abdul Haq (Okara)

Ashiq Hussain (Dipalpur)

Rana Abdul Hamid Khan (Pakpattan)

Chaudhri Aziz Din (Lyallpur)

Mir Mohammad Khan (Samundri)

Mian Nurullah (Toba Tek Singh)

Mohammad Anwar Khan (Jaranwala)

Syed Ghulam Mohammad Shah (Jhang East)

Major Syed Mubarak Ali Shah (Jhang Central)

Mohammed Arif Khan (Jhang West)

Haji Makhdumzada Mohammed Raza Shah Jeelani (Shujabad)

Syed Ghulam Mustafa Shah Gilani (Lodhran)

Mian Allah Yar Khan Daultana (Mailsi)

Syed Budhan Shah (Khanewal)

Sayed Nau Bahar Shah (Kabirwala)

K. S. Abdul Hamid Khan (Muzaffargarh Sadr)

Mian Ghulam Jilani (Muzaffargarh North)

Atta Mohammad Khan (Dera Ghazi Khan North)

Sardar Bahadur Khan (Dera Ghazi Khan South)

3. Women's Urban

Begum Tassadaq Hussain (Inner Lahore)

Begum Jehan Ara Shah Nawaz (Outer Lahore)

D. Sind

1. Urban

Mahmood Abdullah Haroon (Karachi City North)

Mohammad Hashim Gazdar (Karachi City South)

2. Rural

Mir Maqbool Khan Jam Mir Khan (Karachi North)

Mohammed Yusuf Khan Chandio (Karachi South)

Khan Bahadur Fazul Mohammad Leghari (Karachi East)

Syed Ali Akbar Shah (Dadu Central)

Pir Illahi Buksh Nawaz Ali (Dadu South)

Khan Bahadur Mohammed Ayub Khan Khuro (Larkana East)

Nawab Amir Ali Khan Lahori (Larkana South)

Nawab Muhammad Khan Mawab Ghaibi Khan Chandio (Larkana West)

Khan Sahib Sardar Noor Mohammad Khan Bajarani (Upper Sind Frontier Central)

Mir Jaffar Khan Jamali (Upper Sind Frontier West)

Agha Badruddin Pathan (Sukkur South-West)

Pirzada Abdus Sattar (Sukkur South-East)

Sardar Alighar Khan Mahar (Sukkur Central)

Syed Noor Muhammad Shah (Nawabshah North-West)

Khan Sahib Ghulam Rasool Jatoi (Nawabshah West)

Rais Haji Ali Mohammed Mari (Nawabshah South)

Muhammad Azam Khan (Nawabshah East)

Syed Miran Mohammad Shah (Hyderabad North-West)

Sardar Bahadur Mir Hussain Bux Khan Talpur (Hyderabad South-West)

Mir Bundeh Ali Khan Talpur (Hyderabad East)

Mir Ghulam Ali Khan Talpur (Hyderabad South)

Khan Bahadur Ghulam Mohammed Wasan (Thar Parkar North)

Khan Sahib Arbeb Togachi (Thar Parkar South)

3. Women's Urban

Mrs. Jenubai Ghulamali Allana (Karachi City)

4. Landholders

Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah